Situation Brief

From 29 March 2025 to 9 April 2025, the following has been received and shared by the Myanmar Earthquake Emergency Response Coordination Unit up to this date:

Donation received: MMK 235,203,476.8

Amount redistributed: MMK 234,348,139

The Emergency Response Coordination Unit has been established by civil society organizations mostly based in Chiang Mai, Thailand, and is actively working on immediate Response Coordination, Resource Mobilization, and Information Management.

It is a coordination unit that is actively engaged in emergency response operations, working in direct collaboration with volunteers on the ground. The unit comprises representatives from various Myanmar civil society organizations with established networks within the affected areas.



What's happening so far, and how far has it progressed?

As reported by the DVB Data Team, the earthquake caused a total of 4,345 fatalities, and 7,830 injuries, and left 210 individuals still missing. In certain areas, rescue operations remain in progress, while in other, efforts are focused on debris clearance and home repairs.

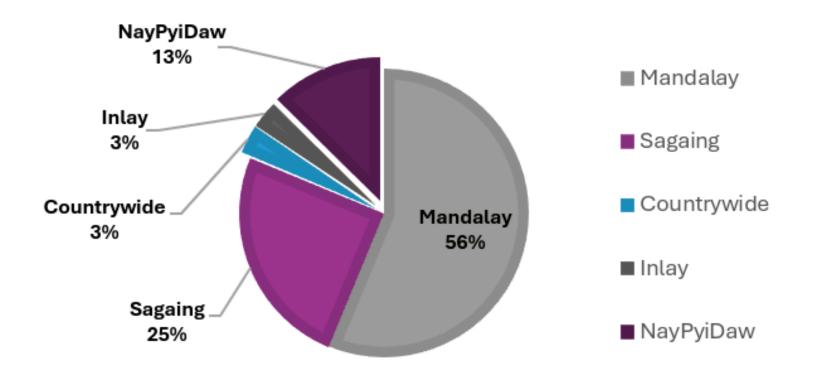
In most areas, basic needs such as clean water, food, and shelter are being addressed for the short term. However, certain areas continue to experience shortages. Ongoing efforts are focused on ensuring sufficient access to emergency toilets and energy sources, including electricity and gas.

In areas where large populations are gathered, particular attention is being directed toward preventing the outbreak of infectious diseases. However, there is a shortage of healthcare workers and medical facilities, including hospitals and clinics. Efforts for home repairs, clearing debris, and resettlement are already in progress, and some household-level support has begun.



Support by Regions

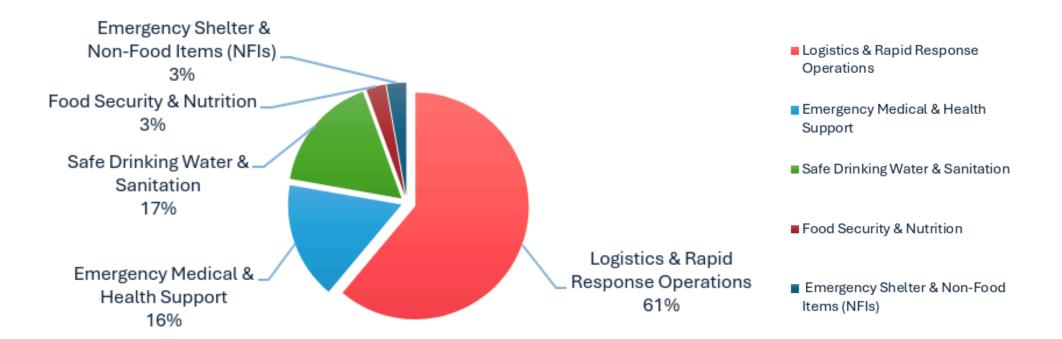
Support is being provided to address the needs of townships within Mandalay, Sagaing, and Nay Pyi Taw.



As of 12:00 PM on April 9, the regional distribution of support includes 56% in Mandalay, 25% in Sagaing, 13% in Nay Pyi Taw, and 3% in Inle.



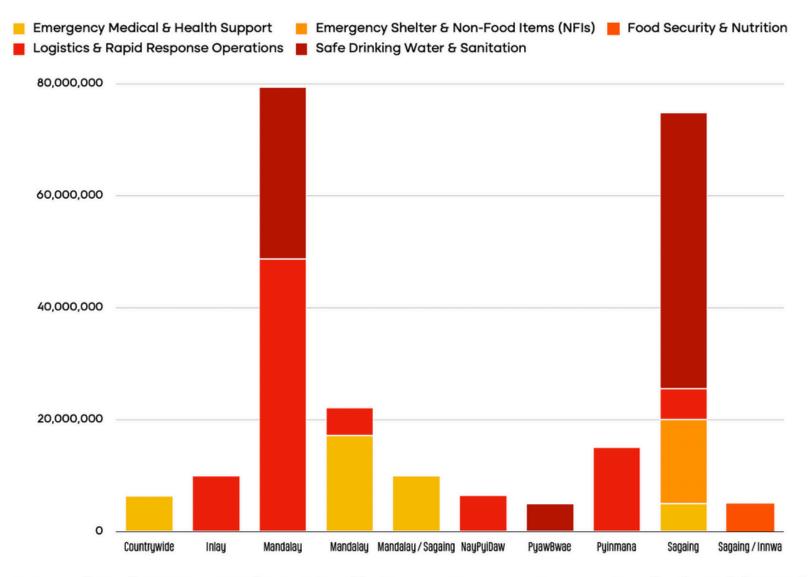
Support by Category



The support provided by Category is as follows:

- 1. Emergency shelter and non-food items
- 2. Food security and nutrition
- 3. Drinking water and sanitation
- 4. Emergency medical and health support
- 5. Protection and support for vulnerable groups
- 6. Logistical support and rapid response operations





Data as of 9 April 2025 12pm MMT | Data & Graphic: Myanmar Emergency Response Coordination Unit (MERCU)

In terms of support by category, 63% was allocated to logistical support and rapid response operations, 17% to emergency medical and health support, 17% to drinking water and sanitation, 3% to food security and nutrition, and 3 % to emergency shelter and non-food items. These supports primarily include food, medicine, the ability to dig water wells, household items, and construction materials for rebuilding homes and infrastructure.



Security Situation

The SAC has issued restrictions, such as requiring permission to carry out ground-level assistance activities, donations to be channeled through local authorities, and the registration of volunteers. As a result, some of the humanitarian groups assisting have encountered situations where their rescue operations are halted.

In Sagaing, humanitarian groups have also faced pressure to leave the supplies they distribute within the military-controlled area of Sagaing city.

In regions including Pyin Oo Lwin and Nay Pyi Taw, some volunteers are encountering security concerns and fears.



Immediate needs

Regarding the immediate needs, medical supplies, food (dry rations), construction materials for temporary shelters, vehicles, and fuel are required in the areas along the western bank of Inle, Mandalay, Bago, and Naga. Efforts are ongoing to provide continued support on the ground for the current emergency response operations.

Information and Updates

Due to challenges with internet and phone connectivity, limited news flow, and inefficiencies in data collection processes, it is currently not possible to accurately provide region-specific information on fatalities, property damage, and other needs. Temporarily, efforts should be focused on verifying information through all available means to support ongoing rescue operations.



Political processes

Although a ceasefire has been declared, it is shown that hostilities have not truly ceased. According to a statement from the Ministry of Human Rights of the National Unity Government, the SAC carried out 92 airstrikes and artillery attacks across 12 regions between March 28 and April 8, resulting in the deaths of 72 individuals and injuries to 91 others.

There have also been various arrests of defectors and individuals subjected to unlawful conscription law. In Mandalay Obo Prison, buildings collapsed due to an earthquake, resulting in the deaths of six female political prisoners. The injured individuals have been unable to receive adequate medical treatment.



For more information, please contact us.

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This report is based on information obtained up to 12:00 PM Yangon time on April 9, 2025. The Emergency Response Coordination Unit will continue to issue updates based on the information received.

